

### Choline Chloride 60% on Corn Cob (Vegetable)

**Technical Data Sheet** 

Chemical synonym

(2- hydroxyethyl) trimethylammonium chloride

General information

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{CAS number} & : 67\text{-}48\text{-}1 \\ \textbf{EINECS Nr.} & : 200\text{-}655\text{-}4 \\ \textbf{Molecular formula} & : C_5\text{H}_{14}\text{CINO} \\ \textbf{Molecular weight} & : 139.6 \text{ g/mol} \\ \end{array}$ 



(2- hydroxyethyl) trimethylammonium chloride or choline chloride is an essential nutrient, and finds its main application as a feed additive.

Besides producing choline chloride as an aqueous solution, Jujia also produces high quality choline chloride on vegetable carrier.

It is available in 60 % concentrations.

#### **Specifications**

	<u>Unit</u>	CC 60 % on Cereal
CC min.	% w/w	60
H <sub>2</sub> O max.	% w/w	2.0
Particle Size	mm	90% < 0.85
Heavy metal (asPb)	% w/w	0.002
Apparent density	kg/l	0.35 - 0.55
Appearance		Light brown powder

Total free amine/ammonia (as  $(CH_3)_3N$ ) % w/w 0.30

### Methods of Analysis

Research from recent years clearly shows that the choline chloride content from some competitive sources is significantly lower than the content which is mentioned on the certificates of analysis, due to intentional adulteration of the product by adding other chlorides, e.g. household salt. When analyzing choline chloride with the standard Volhardt method ( = the chloride method ), this common salt will be calculated as choline chloride.

Therefore, if the product quality is suspected, we recommend to use a more selective method of analysis, for example the Reinecke salt gravimetric method or ion chromatography.

# Quality Management & Control

In the interest of its customers, Jujiafollows a number of strict rules to guarantee the quality of choline chloride as a high valuable feed additive.

Our company is certified ISO 9001and FAMI-QS certificate for its choline chloride The product is GMO free and complies with European Directive ( 2002/32/EC, 2006/13/EC, 2012/277/EU and amendments) on impurity levels.



#### Shelf-life

24 months when stored in closed bags at room temperature.

#### **Packaging**

Paper bags: 20, 25, 500&750 kg

External: Paper with multilayer polypropylene

Internal: Transparent HPPE

## Transport regulations

Since choline chloride is not referred to in the regulations relating to the transport of dangerous goods, it is not subject to any regulation.

## Storage and handling

Because of the strongly hygroscopic nature of choline chloride, the bags should be stored firmly sealed and protected from damp.

Open bags should be used immediately.

# Use of Choline Chloride

Choline is commonly classified as a vitamin. It belongs to the family of water soluble B-vitamins. It was formerly known as vitamin B4.

Like other vitamins, it plays a significant role in nutrition, but its daily requirement seems to be hundreds of times greater than that of other vitamins.

Choline has three essential metabolic functions:

- As a constituent of phospholipids, improving fat transport and cell construction
- As a precursor in the synthesis of acetylcholine, interacting in muscle control (neurotransmitter)
- As a source of labile methyl groups, essential for numerous biological processes.

Choline occurs in almost all feed ingredients (see for example publications by the NRC); however not all naturally occurring choline is bio-available.

Many animals have a choline requirement that is not fully covered by the natural choline content of the feed.

Therefore extra choline is often supplemented, and choline chloride salt is the common form in which choline is added to the feed.

Addition levels vary by species, but are also dependent on age, feed composition, environmental stress, and breed. The required addition level is the difference between the requirements on the one hand and the levels of natural available choline on the other. It is further augmented with a safety margin, to cover up for variations of choline levels in natural feed ingredients.



### **Dosing**

The following supplementation levels reflect average recommendation values for addition of choline to practical diets :

<u>Species</u>	mile to procuedi dicto.	Choline supplement <u>in mg/kg feed</u> (90 % dry matter)
Broilers Broilers Layers Layers Turkeys Turkeys Turkeys Ducks Pigs Pigs Pigs Pigs Fish	Starting (0-8 weeks) Growing (8-18 w.)  Breeding Starting (0-8 weeks ) Fattening (8 – end ) Breeding Market/Breeding Starting (10-25 kg) Growing (25-60 kg) Finishing (60kg-end) Gestating/Lactating depends on species	500-700 300-600 250-500 300-600 800-1000 500-700 500-700 900 300-600 200-400 150-300 150-500 300-800
Shrimp Calves Cows		400-600 200-300 
Dogs Cats		1000-1200 1000-1400

These recommendations can serve as a general guideline only, since diet composition and vitamin availability from regular feed ingredients can vary greatly. The mentioned addition level is expressed in choline and has to be recalculated into an amount of choline chloride to be added when drawing up dietary formulations in the feed mill.

1 mg/kg Choline = 1,34 g/ton choline chloride 100 %



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